

The brewers in Milwaukee prefer a saloon license of \$500 instead of the present license of \$300, and an effort will be made to enact a law this winter to raise the license fee to that figure.

The assembly bill making six consecutive years of confinement of either husband or wife in an insane asylum, sufficient ground for divorce upon the application of either party, was indefinitely postponed on Saturday. Some fellow who wanted to get a divorce from his unfortunate wife was probably the author of that bill.

The Milwaukee Sentinel in mentioning the appointment of Rev. E. D. Huntley to the Metropolitan church at Washington, says: "He is a remarkable man, who has exhibited higher qualifications in the conduct of the university than even his most intimate friends expected. His labors have saved the university from decay at a considerable sacrifice to himself, and it will be difficult to replace him."

The bill in the assembly which provides for a state game and fish inspectors and constables, one inspector for each congressional district who shall appoint several constables for each county in his district, was made a special order for Wednesday evening next. Mr. Hinkley, of Monroe, is the special champion of this bill and will make a long speech; a vigorous little lobby of summer resort hotel keepers and fancy sportsmen, in support of the measure, but all present indications point to its defeat.

When the bill comes up in the assembly to grant aid to one Knott, a member of the Ludington cavalry, who was crippled for life, in the famous raid on the Williams brothers, the Madison papers said that among the speakers in favor of the bill was Mr. Burton. They were in error in reporting that Mr. Burton made a speech in favor of the bill, as Colonel Burton, of this city, was the man who came forward, and by a vigorous little speech helped to save the bill from indefinite postponement. By this error, Mr. Burton, of Jackson county, has been much advertised at the expense of Colonel Burton.

The Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, formerly of this city, has been consecrated assistant bishop of the diocese of Mississippi, the brilliant event occurring last Saturday. It is said the consecration was the most imposing and impressive that ever took place in religious circles in New Orleans. A special says the ceremonies were heightened by a large attendance of richly-attired ladies who filled the church almost to the exclusion of the other sex. Dr. Thompson preached his farewell sermon Sunday, and will immediately take up his residence at Natchez, where an elegant residence has been purchased and presented to him.

It is feared Mr. Blaine has been imposed upon by some sharper in Maryland in regard to the so-called Ruben's picture which recently came in his possession. He bought it at a moderate price, the seller declaring that it had been in Maryland for many years, and at one time belonged to Lord Baltimore's family. The history of the painting has been investigated somewhat, and the conclusion arrived at by very competent authority, is that the picture is by no means a Ruben. Mr. Blaine, however, firmly believes it is one and that its value is close on to \$40,000. However this may be, if Mr. Blaine thinks it is a Ruben, what is the difference? If the commercial value is not there, the pleasure of thinking it is from the brush of Ruben is quite satisfactory.

It is reported that a petition has been circulated and largely signed at Madison, asking that Colonel Thomas Reynolds, be discharged from custody upon payment of the sums it is alleged he stole from the government by issuing forged pension papers while he was pension agent. The petition bears the signatures of several prominent citizens of Madison, beside the names of some of the state officers, and three judges of the supreme bench. This action on the part of Colonel Reynolds' friends, will be taken as an acknowledgment that he is guilty of the crime charged against him. Of course this is done purely through sympathy for an old friend, and on account of his age, which is somewhere near three score years and ten. But even these reasons will hardly justify them in compromising such a crime as Colonel Reynolds has committed.

There is a bill before the legislature which provides for the establishment of an asylum for the chronic insane in this state. The bill was introduced by Mr. Dawson, member of the assembly from LaCrosse, and in general terms provides for the location of an asylum for the chronic insane in the western part of the state, and an appropriation of \$120,000 for the building is provided for. The bill also provides for the creation of a board of commissioners, consisting of the superintendents of the two state insane hospitals, the president of the state medical society and four additional members to be appointed by the governor. The board thus created is required to select a site within sixty days after the passage of the act, containing not less than 120 acres of land and not to exceed \$10,000 in price.

The duty of the commission ends with the purchase. The state board of supervisors is then required to contract for the construction of the building, which must be completed before January, 1885.

This bill should be defeated. Brown, Jefferson, Rock, Sheboygan, Walworth, and several other counties have established county asylums under the law of two years ago, and as these counties have been to considerable expense in building their asylums, they will naturally oppose the building of another state institution for the benefit of LaCrosse, or any other city. The county system of providing for the insane seems to be good enough for the best counties in the state, and it should be good enough for LaCrosse.

Dr. W. A. Scott, of Milwaukee, published a recipe several years ago, for the cure of diphtheria, which became famous in that state because it saved thousands of lives. The doctor practiced with remarkable success among diphtheria patients, and recently has gained greater fame than ever, that dreadful disease seeming to quickly respond to the remedy applied by him. During the past year or so he has made some change in the treatment of diphtheria, and the new remedy proves even more active than the one by which he achieved so much success. Special request was made of Dr. Scott for the publication of the new recipe, and the papers in Iowa and the metropolitan journals, have combined in giving the remedy a wide publicity. The treatment is simple, and can be had at any drugstore, and used by any person without danger.

Take ten grains of permanganate of potassium and mix with one ounce of cold water. As soon as dissolved it must be applied with a rag or sponge, mop or swab, to the whitish places in the tonsils and other parts that have the diphtheritic membrane on. Do this very gently, but thoroughly, every three hours until better; then every six hours until well. It does not give pain, but is rather mucous to the taste. If the tongue is coated white, mix one drop of hyposulphite of soda and five drops of oil of sweet almond in four ounces of syrup made of sugar and hot water, and give a teaspoonful every one to three hours as needed, when awake. If the tongue is not coated white, mix twenty drops of tincture of phytolacca in four ounces of cold water and give a teaspoonful every one to three hours as needed, when awake. The phytolacca is the common poke-root of the south, and as it loses its strength by drying and age, the tincture should be from the fresh root, or it is worthless.

It is well to apply a little sweet-oil or vasoline to the outside of the throat to protect it from the action of the air, as the patient must be protected from all danger of getting chilled. In the beginning of the disease, in mild cases, the above solution of permanganate of potassium is all that is needed, as the disease is local at first, but it rapidly affects the whole system when seated. In the sinking form of diphtheria this solution destroys all small, and in every case it destroys the diphtheritic membrane without leaving any bad effect behind.

W. A. Scott, M. D.

## PAUPERS AND CRIMINALS IN WISCONSIN

The state board of charities and reform will soon issue its twelfth annual report, and will contain some interesting statistics regarding pauperism and crime in this state. The state prison being under the charge of the state board of control, the board of charities have nothing to do with that institution, but have charge of 62 county jails, and 8 police stations. The report closes with the 30th of last September, and at that time there were confined in jails and station houses in this state 501 persons, 465 males, and 36 females. But during the year there had been in the jails and station houses in the state, 17,173 persons, and of this number 16,839 were males and only 334 females. This may seem to some to be a large number to be confined in the jails of the state during one year, but the board made a special note of the fact that the number is less than the average in other states.

The board reports that there is an increase of vagrancy in the state, and the Gazette regrets to say that this increase is reported to be mainly in the southwestern portion of the state "where, last year, nine counties returned 2,985 commitments for this offense, which is about 92 per cent of the whole, while in 35 counties, more than one-half the number, there were no convictions whatever for vagrancy." The board reports that the vagrancy laws of the state are ample in their scope, but in several counties, notably Kenosha, Racine, Waukesha, Winnebago, Jefferson and Rock, vagrancy has been openly encouraged by the officials, in order to swell the latter's fee bills, the jails being made the favorite resort of tramps, especially in winter, all severity being removed, and the inmates comfortably clothed and fed.

Of course the state board of charities sharply reprimands the officials engaged in this practice, and suggests that tramps and habitual drunkards be sentenced for long terms to the state prison where hard labor will actually be enforced upon them. The poor houses of the state are reported to be in good condition and are an improvement on those of former years in cleanliness and management. The board makes special note of the fact that it has been several years since a child has been born in a Wisconsin poorhouse. The cost of pauperism in this state for 1882 was \$104,122. As to the county insane asylum the board says: "The board still keeps up its faith in county hospitals for the chronic insane and reports such institutions in successful operation, under its close guidance, in Brown, Jefferson, Rock, Sheboygan, Walworth and Winnebago counties, with

as many more ready to open. The expense to counties operating under this plan is about two dollars a week for each inmate."

## By Telegraph.

### THE FLOODS.

Broken Mississippi Levees—Cotton and Sugar Lands Overflowed.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 26.—The river last night measures 52 feet 4 inches, and is now stationary. Everything is very quiet now, and as the Ohio has commenced falling at Paducah it is expected to decline here. A slide on the levee embankment occurred yesterday and was promptly repaired.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 26.—All reports of distress in Louisville or surrounding towns are entirely without foundation. Nobody has suffered, and nobody will suffer, as far as the necessities of life are concerned. There is comparatively little sickness, and nothing in the form of an epidemic exists. The damage is comparatively light.

Vicksburg, Miss., Feb. 26.—Water on the Vicksburg, Sharpsport & Pacific rail road is fifteen inches over the track between Delhi and Tullahoma. The Illinois river is a mile long, and has overflowed many plantations. Half the open lands on the west side of Madison parish will be covered.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 26.—There is a general belief all over the state that Louisiana is destined to be afflicted with another overflow no less severe than that of last year. The levees are already broken at three points in Louisiana and the waters of the Mississippi are pouring through. The largest works are incomplete, and the labor on them badly managed, especially the Scott levee in Parish Terrebonne. There is a general feeling of apprehension that the levees will be too late to meet the evil. This is the most important of the levees, and is on account of the great sugar region it protects. A strike of laborers at Bogalusa is reported on account of the contractors failing to pay promptly. A strike at Shipwreck was prevented by the planters, and the workers are responsible for the wages of the men.

### DESPERATE CONVICTS.

Seventeen Arkansas Prisoners Mutiny, Kill Their Guards, and Escape.

HELENA, Ark., Feb. 26.—A deplorable tragedy was enacted three miles below Helena yesterday morning. J. H. Gant had seventy-five penitentiary convicts employed at work on the levee below the city. It seems they made an arrangement to capture the guards and escape. One of the convicts was working spading dirt near the guard. He knelt down to the ground. Other convicts then rushed upon the other guards. At this time Gant came upon the scene riding a horse. He fired at the convicts, but, seeing they were turned to retreat, when one of the convicts fired, the bullet passing through his body, killing him instantly. Seventeen convicts then made their escape. They came across a lot of negroes working near, and compelled them to change clothes. A posse of citizens have gone in pursuit of the convicts. Gant was an energetic citizen, and the people mostly depended on him to keep the levee from Helena to Old Town from breaking.

### A Hearty Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 26.—If any one doubts the existence of total depravity in human nature let him consider the case of Wm. MacQueen and become convinced. Some time in the latter of 1871 this old man, then nearly 70 years of age, walked into police headquarters and announced that he had murdered his wife. His story was not believed, and he was hustled out of the building. In a few hours it was discovered he had told the truth, that he had dropped his wife's head open with a knife. For the crime he went to the penitentiary, from where he was released about two months ago. For about six weeks he has been in the poor-house. Yesterday evening he walked into the police headquarters again and said he had killed a paper named O. T. Burdham. Investigation showed that he was again trying to tell the truth, for he certainly thought he killed his man. He says he walked into the room where Burdham was lying asleep alone, and thinking the old fellow had lived long enough, he took the grate out of the fire place and with it dealt the sleeping man a blow intended to kill. Burdham was never dead at midnight, but it is thought he cannot recover. MacQueen is in jail.

### No Opening of the Deadlock.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 26.—The senate held no session Saturday. The house convened as usual but accomplished nothing. The deadlock put on by Hanna and Morrison, and which has been mentioned for the past seven days, was not raised. After an hour's discussion the house adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Among the members of the general assembly who remained here to-day there seems to be no definite opinion as to when the deadlock in the house will be opened. The general impression is that there will be a giving in on both sides. "The work of the house during the past week, as participated in by both parties," says an observer, "was simply disgraceful." The house meets this morning at 9 o'clock, but whether a quorum will be present is doubtful, as quite a number of Republicans and Democrats have paired.

### Heavy Robbery.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 26.—About half-past 7 last night four masked burglars made a raid on the house of Porter Brown, near Highland, Livingston county, Mich., and robbed it of \$2,500 in money and \$100 worth of jewelry. The burglars burst open a side door with a fence post, and entered by both parties. They were all armed with revolvers, and one of them, a 70 year old man, and bound him to the bed. They searched Mrs. Brown in a like manner, and after getting all the valuables in the house, set down to a table and divided it among themselves. They also carried all the lamps and candles out of the house and hid them, and on taking leave of their aged victims mockingly bade them adieu.

### The Michigan Senatorship.

LANSING, Feb. 26.—Saturday's ballot gives Willis 15; Hannan, 1; Stockbridge, 25; Stout and Sanford, 4; Crosby, 3; Lathrop, 34; Perry, 3; Palmer, 31. With a full house it would have been Willis, 14; Stockbridge, 26; Palmer, 32—a loss of two for Willis and a gain of one for Palmer. Palmer has gained materially in the three days, and is beginning to feel that the Willis men are as hopeless as any in the lot, and think that Stockbridge and Palmer will kill each other off, and they will receive the benefit.

### Mill Destroyed.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Feb. 26.—The old Malley cotton mills burned yesterday morning. There were three buildings, 500 spindles, and seventy employees. Loss, \$75,000; insurance \$44,000. The property, owned by the late Dr. P. A. Chadbourne and E. Danforth, was built in 1830. The mill is said to have been set on fire several times last week.

Physicians attest: "COWDEN'S LIQUID BLENZ is particularly useful in Diphtheria, fever, and every depressing disease."

## THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

Some of Its Provisions and Amendments Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The senate passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill Saturday. Among the changes in the house bill made by the senate committee were the following: Reimbursement to the number of internal revenue collection districts; to repeal the law appointing assistant secretaries of war and of the navy, and to strike out the amendment which requires clerks in the executive departments in Washington to work eight hours each day. All these changes were approved by the senate. The lobby of clerks, male and female, has been successful, and has induced the senate to strike out the provision which would raise the eight-hour law applicable to the executive departments, and it is probable that the clerks at Washington will continue, as a general class, to receive more pay for less work than any persons of similar capacity anywhere. Two amendments were added to the bill at the instance of Mr. Sherman. One was an appropriation of \$20,000 for the purchase of the famous Buchanan papers, and the other of \$2,000 to purchase the spring court briefs of the late Senator Carpenter. This collection of briefs is the only perfect one in existence. The records of the supreme court itself have no such collection. The justice often availed himself of the courtesy of Mr. Carpenter in his lifetime to consult this valuable collection of briefs.

## FRANK JAMES.

How the Missouri Outlaw Appears to a Cincinnati.

As Mild a Mannered Man as Ever Seen. Scuttled Ship or Cut a Throat.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 26.—A letter to The Enquirer from a Cincinnati commercial traveler who has interviewed Frank James in jail, says:

The writer expected to meet a hearty, robust, sun-burnt man, of from 180 to 225 avoirdupois, capable of coping with his wild and nomadic life, and of a savage and repulsive visage. No, no, however. Mr. James stands five feet ten and a half inches in stockings, and now weighs not over 140 pounds. A clean, bright eye sits slightly back under a sloping forehead, well shaped, and capping a slender face, clean shaven except a light reddish mustache. His manner is easy and sociable, and his conversation is fluent and in well-chosen words. He has been used to good company, is well read and posted, and manifests no reluctance in talking of his case and hopes. In fact he lives upon "hope," as he said, "the anchor of the soul." To a few questions put to him to gratify public curiosity, his replies came quick and hearty, about as follows:

"Mr. James, it is reported you did not take bail at Independence fearing that after your release you would be re-arrested and taken where you would not care so well?"

"That is an error. I refused bail because I would undoubtedly have been again under arrest and taken here or elsewhere, and my case being called at Independence while I was in confinement here, I could not appear and my bond would be declared forfeited, and I would not want my friends to lose their money. "Do you imagine that after one trial over and over you were acquitted, the parties were other crimes are charged to you would be satisfied and not prosecute you?"

"No. There are many prosecuting attorneys who want to advertise their ability, and who would reach the summit of their ambition could they but prove a case upon me, and while there is a chance for them to gratify their conceit I look for them to keep the ball going."

"Mr. James then gave the anecdote: 'A man, I am informed with this finally caught me. His first impulse was to cry out, but after looking at between his thumb and finger he reflected and thought 'there is room enough for you and me in this world, so go, poor fellow, go.' So he let me go on my way. Some of these are present orders for my blood, my talent and, I think, there is room enough for them and me, and will conclude to say, Go, James; go."

"It was amusing to read his reply to the only question that seemed to trouble him. A stranger asked: 'Mr. James, the Ford boys are reported to be distant relatives of yours. Is this a fact?'

"No, sir! There are no relations in our family on either side, not even way back to our English ancestors."

"Frank James is not, as many imagine, a rakish, repulsive sort of a man; on the contrary, he appears every inch a gentleman, and is really magnetic in holding the attention of guests. He would do credit in the parlors of many of our richest city society gatherings, and his easy and pleasant style could well be copied by many of our young men."

To show the disposition of the public it may be said he roste upon an elegant hair mattress, sent him by a Chicago firm, and enjoys many similar favors. His wife and children are strictly supported by the voluntary contributions of friends, and, in fact, they have no other source of support. His sleep is that of a child, and he is healthy and robust, and even should he be acquitted his life will, in all probability, not be long.

### Devilish Javelines.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 26.—Early Sunday morning, Feb. 11, Johnny Gibbs, a colored runaway, aged not over 15, was arrested while breaking into the residence of Rev. Dr. Stiff, who had been his benefactor. He had a dark lantern when captured. That day Willie Ward, white, about the same age, was taken in for complicity in the burglary. He divulged that Gibbs had been during several months systematically waylaying unprotected women, and attempting to rape them. Ward watching to give warning. Six separate crimes were confessed with great simplicity by the precocious lad. The most heinous was frustrated when the attempted burglary was prevented, so Gibbs confessed. Although the facts given coincided with those of the other charge, the police were not sure. Gibbs said that he had intended to chloroform Dr. and Mrs. Stiff, and then to outrage a young daughter.

This strange story is found to be strictly true. A trial of chloroform has been discovered near the house where Gibbs dropped it in the snow, and a druggist identified Gibbs as the person who had used the drug. It is also learned from another druggist that Gibbs tried to purchase chloroform of him, but unsuccessfully. The outrages of Gibbs extended over a year, and Ward says he always attended him.

### Base Ball.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—The question of dates on which base ball games are to be played during the coming season has begun to attract the attention of the enterprising managers. Schedules are being arranged, and the heads of clubs are using their influence in order to secure good dates.

### Fatally Killed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—Frank Wamecke, 8 years of age, living at No. 3022 Lake street, while playing in front of the house yesterday afternoon, was killed by the forewheel of a horse running at large, crushing the skull and producing injuries that he cannot survive.

## MYERS' OPERA HOUSE.

C. E. MOSELEY, MANAGER.

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 1.

FIRST APPEARANCE HERE OF

MESTAYER'S

EVER POPULAR

Tourists,

IN THE

PULLMAN PALACE CAR,

Now in the fourth season of success.

UNPARALLELED FUN!

ARTISTIC MUSIC!

GRACIOUS DANCING!

All in a Pullman car which the Company have with them. Over

1,600 Performances Already Given

of this entertainment in the United States.

PRICES—75, 50, and 25 cents.

RESERVED SEATS AT

PRENTICE & EVENSON'S

POWER CITY ROLLER

SKATING RINK!

The Rolling Rags.

Myers House Block.

Open Day and Evening!

FIRST-CLASS INSTRUCTIONS ALWAYS

IN ATTENDANCE.

SMITH & RICHARDSON, Proprietors.

Henry Hemming & Son.

Boots and Shoes

Just Received, the Largest and Best Line of

Men's and Boys' Hand Made Boots!

Call, Kip and Grain.

Warranted Water Proof

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes

outlook Tues. Men's, Boys' and Youth's

RUBBER BOOTS.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE

Where You Can Find

The Most Substantial

Boots and Shoes

FOR YOUR MONEY IN THE CITY

HENRY HEMMING & SON.

Next Door Rock County National Bank.

8th Street.

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## Notice to Subscribers.

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY GAZETTE WHO DO NOT RECEIVE THEIR PAPER REGULARLY, WILL CONFER A FAVOR BY REPORTING OMISSIONS PROMPTLY AT THE GAZETTE COUNSELING ROOM.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

**Chicago & Northwestern.**  
Trains at Janesville Station.  
GOING NORTH.  
Day Express..... 1:15 P. M.  
Rock Island passenger..... 2:45 P. M.  
GOING SOUTH.  
Day Express..... 12:55 P. M.  
Rock Island passenger..... 3:55 A. M.

## APRIL BRANCH.

**ARRIVE.**  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 1:25 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 1:50 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 2:15 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 2:40 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 3:05 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 3:30 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 3:55 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 4:20 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 4:45 P. M.  
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 5:10 P. M.

**DEPART.**  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 8:55 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 9:20 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 9:45 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 10:10 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 10:35 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 11:00 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 11:25 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 11:50 A. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 12:15 P. M.  
For Chicago, Rockford and Beloit..... 12:40 P. M.

**NOTE.**  
Daily except Monday.  
Daily except Saturday.  
All other trains daily except Sunday.  
M. HUGHETT, Gen'l. Supt.  
W. H. STENNETT, General Passenger Agent.

## Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

**TRAINS LEAVE.**  
For Chicago and East, via Beloit..... 10:50 A. M.  
For Chicago and East, via Beloit..... 11:15 A. M.  
For Chicago and East, via Beloit..... 11:40 A. M.  
For Chicago and East, via Beloit..... 12:05 P. M.  
For Chicago and East, via Beloit..... 12:30 P. M.  
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## Special and Important Notice to the Public.

The manager of the Gazette takes pleasure in making the announcement that the price of the Daily Gazette has been reduced to \$1.50 a quarter, 50 cents a month, or one shilling a week, commencing February 1st, thus placing it within the reach of every family in the city and making it by all odds the cheapest daily newspaper published in the state.

He also gives the notice that the circulation of the Gazette has been placed in the hands of Mr. Will H. Cheney.

## GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.

## Brieft.

—There was no business of special importance before the municipal court today.

—There will be some important business before the city council this evening, if a quorum puts in an appearance.

—The Mineral Point train for Milwaukee, was about fifteen minutes late at this station this morning, owing to a broken wheel.

—The city schools all resumed work this morning, after daily celebrating Washington's birthday, having been on a vacation since Wednesday.

—Mr. John Pitcher, while viewing the new iron bridge, and walking upon the ice above the dam, yesterday, slipped into an air hole, receiving a very cold bath. He was alone, and it was with some difficulty that he rescued himself.

—The work of putting up the new iron railroad bridge in this city is progressing as fast as the cold weather will permit. The west end, or first span, begins to look something like a bridge, as most of the work has been completed.

—The Janesville postoffice issued one hundred and five money orders during the past week, calling for the sum of \$1,039.99, the fees being \$11.80. During the same time \$1,211.71 was paid out on eighty-one orders, making a total business for the week of \$2,200.41.

—To-morrow evening the members of Crystal Temple of Honor will hold a social for the benefit of its members and their families, in their hall in the Judd block, on North Main street. Good music will be in attendance, and an enjoyable evening, no doubt, will be spent.

—Judge Bennett, holding court in chambers, to-day, is hearing the arguments of Messrs. John Wiggins and B. F. Dauwiddle, for the plaintiff, and Messrs. P. J. Slavson, of Monroe, and J. W. Sale, of this city, for defendants, in a Green county highway suit.

—Marshall Chamberlain, of Edgerton, was in the city yesterday, bringing to the county jail three more tramps, sentenced to fifteen days each. This makes the number accredited to Edgerton number fourteen, one more than is accredited to this city.

—Messrs. B. F. Crosset and O. C. Ford, of the city mill, have manufactured and sold since the sixteenth day of October last, 7,451 barrels of buckwheat flour. This flour has been sold and shipped to different parts of the United States, some going as far west as Topeka, Kansas.

—St. Patrick's church was crowded last evening, many who went at the usual hour for the evening service being unable to gain an entrance, owing to the large number who had packed the church at an earlier hour. Rev. Father Damen preached an able sermon on "Transubstantiation," which we hear highly spoken of by non-Catholics as well as Catholics.

—We were in error, Saturday, in stating that the largest number of prisoners confined in the Rock county jail at any one time was forty-two. We are now informed that last winter, just before the small-pox scare, the jail contained fifty-eight persons, and at one time, while ex-Sheriff Constock was in possession of the county bastille, had fifty-nine at one time. There were forty-two at breakfast this morning.

—John McGinnity, son of James McGinnity, of Mineral Point, and nephew of Rev. Father McGinnity, of St. Patrick's church, died at the residence of the latter yesterday afternoon, after a short illness of membranous croup, aged eight years. The deceased was here attending school, when taken sick. The remains were enclosed in a beautiful white casket, preparatory to being taken to Mineral Point for burial. The father of the deceased arrived in this city to-day, and took the remains on the 3:15 p. m. train to Mineral Point, for burial.

—People should be very careful in crossing the river on the ice above the mill dam. The ice in that locality is very thin, weak and full of air holes. Two or three persons have stepped into the holes within the past few days, and received a cold bath. One young man fell in yesterday, while watching the operation of putting up the iron bridge. He ought not to have been there, and thus prevented himself from going under, and was rescued before he received a thorough wetting.

—The roller skating rink was again crowded with delighted operators on Saturday evening, to witness the exhibitions of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Richardson, Mr. A. F. Smith and Master Jackson, and all were well pleased with their performances. A large number of Janesville people, both ladies and gentlemen, put on the rollers, some of whom did some very fine skating. The rink will be open to the public again this evening, when another large crowd may be looked for, and more fun and amusement anticipated.

—Mr. James Galbraith arrived in Chicago last night, with fourteen imported Norman and Cleveland Gray stallions, from Scotland. They will arrive in this city this evening, and will be on exhibition at the stables of the Galbraith brothers, on Bluff street, on Tuesday. The Galbraith brothers invite all those wishing to see the best lot of horses ever brought to this country, to call and inspect their stable. The horses will be taken to Chicago next month, where the Galbraith brothers will hold a general sale of imported stock.

—The following item in relation to water-works in an eastern village has been handed in for publication.—"At a meeting of the citizens of the village of Moravia in the state of New York, to consider a project for water-works for that place, it was stated that the annual rental to be paid for hydrants would be \$30 each. An insurance agent present at the meeting said that with water-works in the village the cost of fire insurance there would be reduced from 25 to 50 per cent. a saying to the citizens, sufficient to pay the rent of the hydrants."

—Mr. F. C. Stillson, of Chicago, who bought the Hollister saloon, two weeks ago to-day, has sold the business to Mr. William Viley, formerly of the Central house, Sharon, who took possession this morning. Mr. Stillson, while regretting to give up his business, consoles himself with the fact that he gets out with \$1,200 profit, which proved a handsome investment for two weeks. We are glad to note that the establishment has again fallen into good hands.

—To-morrow evening, in St. Patrick's church, the Rev. Father Damen will deliver a lecture entitled, "Popular Objections against the Catholic Church Answered." The reputation of the eloquent speaker will undoubtedly draw a large audience, and the lecture will be the most impressive and interesting of any of the series. Charity, "which covers a multitude of sins," will not be forgotten; as the admission tickets have been placed at fifty cents, and the money thus obtained, will be devoted to the interests of the orphans of the diocese.

**Burr R. Robins and the Free Library.**  
The exhibition which Colonel Burr Robins will give in this city for the benefit of the free library will take place about the last of April or the first of May. In the meantime the citizens of Janesville should especially prepare themselves for the event. The sale of tickets will begin about the first of April, and a thorough canvass will be made of the city by the ladies who have already accomplished so much in the way of establishing a free library. The amount which will be realized from Mr. Robins' generous offer will be of immense benefit to the library fund. There is not a person in the city but that is more or less interested in the welfare of this important enterprise, and when tickets are offered for sale there should be no hesitancy in buying liberally that the largest amount possible may be obtained from the exhibition. When Mr. Robins is willing to expend several hundred dollars in giving an exhibition for the sole benefit of the library, the people should not be slow in buying tickets for two important reasons, (1) to aid the library cause; and (2) when the character of the performance will be worth more than the price of admission.

**The Traveling Salesman.**  
Is an irresistible fellow, brim full of stories, jokes, courage, self-assurance and grit. He is very taking withal. *Burdock Blood Bitters* are a very taking medicine; they take everywhere and are sold everywhere.

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer & Co.

**Almost a Fire.**  
The dwelling house of Mr. L. M. Nelson, the janitor of the court house, who resides on Ringgold street, in the third ward, came very near being destroyed by fire on Saturday night. On returning home at eleven o'clock, Mr. Nelson noticed a light in the window in the upper part of the house, and thinking it was a lamp used by his daughters, who are in the habit of reading in their room before retiring, he paid no attention to it, and soon retired to bed. It was not long, however, before he was awakened by Mrs. Nelson and the girls crying fire. He went up to the girls' room and found that the lamp, which was burning fluid, had been left on the window sill, and had tipped over, so that the flames came in contact with the curtains and sills, setting fire to them. The fluid ran out of the lamp, spread over the window casing, and down the siding of the house on the outside, which was all ablaze. Mr. Nelson procured a pail of water, and with cool judgment, quickly extinguished the flames, but not until the window casing and curtains were all destroyed, and the siding badly damaged. It was a very narrow escape.

**Meeting of Presiding Elders.**  
The annual meeting of the presiding elders of the state of Wisconsin, will be held in this city, commencing at half past two o'clock to-morrow afternoon, in the First M. E. church, on Jackson street. The evening services will be under the direction of Rev. C. E. Goldthorp, pastor of the church, and presiding elder A. P. Mead. In the evening the Rev. A. P. Mead, a brother of the presiding elder of this district, will deliver a lecture in the Jackson street church, entitled the "Romance of the Pulpit." Tickets for this lecture may be procured of Rev. O. A. Curtis, and C. E. Goldthorp. A cordial invitation is extended to the public to be present.

On Wednesday evening there will be preaching by Rev. G. W. Case. Rev. A. J. Mead, is on the programme for a lecture, the subject of which is "How far should a presiding elder consult with the preachers and laymen of his district about appointments."

**The Weather.**  
REPORTED BY PRESTON & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.  
At seven o'clock Sunday morning the thermometer registered 10 degrees above zero, and at one p. m. at 27 degrees above.

At seven o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 4 degrees below zero and at one p. m. at 17 degrees above.

Clear—wind north-west.

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**Water Works.**  
Another amendment to our city charter has been prepared and handed to Colonel Britton, our member of the assembly, accompanied by a petition signed by one hundred and eighty-six tax payers, asking for its passage. The bill differs from the other inasmuch as it provides for five water-commissioners, who are elected by the people in the city at large, and who hold their offices respectively for one, two, three, four and five years. The commissioners have the general control of the building and operating of the water works, subject to the concurrent action of the common council. The common council have the power to issue bonds and borrow money not to exceed \$115,000 for the purpose of constructing the works. A proviso is attached to this amendment that no indebtedness shall be incurred or contracts entered into, unless a majority of the tax payers in the city shall first sign a petition to the common council asking the construction of the proposed works. This bill seems to meet many of the objections raised against the former bills, and with a few minor alterations, we see no reason why it should not